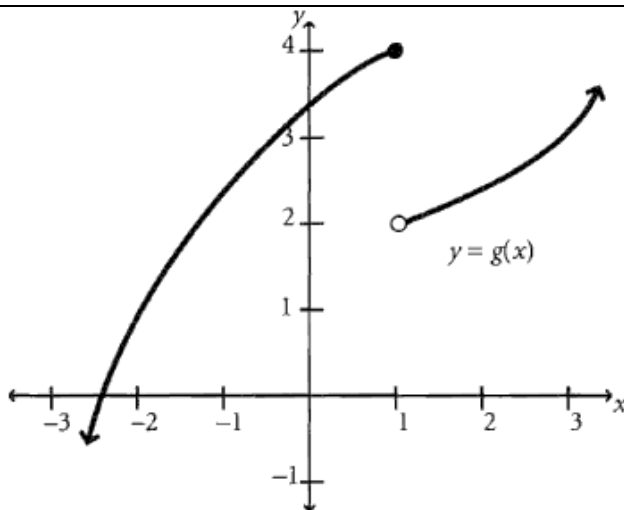


Mustang Race: Limits

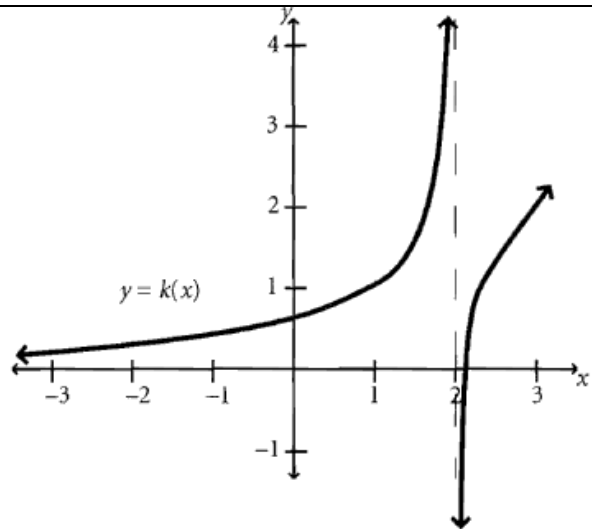
Find the indicated limit. Which method is most appropriate: Numerical, Analytic, or Graphical?

1. $\lim_{x \rightarrow -3} (3x + 2)$	2. $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x^3 - 1}{x - 1}$
3. $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{2x^2 - x - 3}{x + 1}$	4. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{x + 1}{x}$
5. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{x^2 - 5x + 6}{x - 3}$	6. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{\sqrt{x + 1} - 2}{x - 3}$
7. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{x - 4}{\sqrt{x} - 2}$	8. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4x^3 - 6x^2 + 3}{5x^3 + 7x^2 - 9}$
9. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{9x^4 + 7x^2 + 8x}{4x^5 + 3x - 12}$	10. $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{3x^5 - 7x^2 + 5x + 1}{7x^3 + 2x + 5}$
11. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 4x}{3x}$	12. $\lim_{\theta \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin \theta}{\theta^2 + 2\theta}$
13. $\lim_{s \rightarrow 1} f(s)$ where $f(s) = \begin{cases} s & s < 1 \\ 1 - s & s > 1 \end{cases}$	14. $\lim_{s \rightarrow 2} f(s)$ where $f(s) = \begin{cases} 3s & s < 2 \\ 8 - s & s > 2 \end{cases}$
15. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{3}}{x - 3}$	



16.

- | | |
|------------------------------------|--|
| a) $g(3)$ | b) $g(1)$ |
| c) $g(-2)$ | d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} g(x)$ |
| e) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} g(x)$ | f) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} g(x)$ |
| g) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} g(x)$ | h) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} g(x)$ |



17.

- | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| a) $k(1)$ | b) $k(3)$ |
| c) $k(2)$ | d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} k(x)$ |
| e) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} k(x)$ | f) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} k(x)$ |
| g) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} k(x)$ | h) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} k(x)$ |

ANSWERS

1. -7
2. 1
3. -5
4. $-\infty$
5. 1
6. $\frac{1}{4}$
7. 4
8. $\frac{4}{5}$
9. 0
10. ∞
11. $\frac{4}{3}$
12. $\frac{1}{2}$
13. DNE b/c $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} f(s) \neq \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} f(s)$
14. 6
15. $-\frac{1}{9}$
16.
 - a) 3
 - b) 4
 - c) 1
 - d) 1
 - e) 4
 - f) 2
 - g) DNE b/c $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} g(x) \neq \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} g(x)$
 - h) $-\infty$
17.
 - a) 1
 - b) 2
 - c) ∞
 - d) ∞
 - e) $-\infty$
 - f) DNE b/c $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} g(x) \neq \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} g(x)$
 - g) ∞
 - h) 0