<b>DATE:</b>	
Pre-Calculus	

## Unit 3 (Chapter 3): Exponential, Logistic, & Logarithmic Functions

3.2 Exponential & Logistic Modeling

Target 3F: Model real world situations and use regressions with the use of functions *Review of Prior Concepts* 

The population (P) of a city can be represented in an equation  $P = 3000e^{kt}$ , where t = 0 represents the year 1900. In 1850, the population was 1100. Find the value of k and use this value of k to estimate the population in the year 2012.

## **More Practice**

## **Population Modeling**

 $\underline{http://www.coolmath.com/algebra/17-exponentials-logarithms/06-population-exponential-growth-01}$ 

http://www.purplemath.com/modules/expoprob2.htm

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=63udRYh04sY



### **SAT Connection**

# **Passport to Advanced Mathematics**

1. Create a quadratic or exponential function or equation that models a context.

### Example:

A radioactive substance decays at an annual rate of 13 percent. If the initial amount of the substance is 325 grams, which of the following functions f models the remaining amount of the substance, in grams, t years later?

A) 
$$f(t) = 325(0.87)^t$$

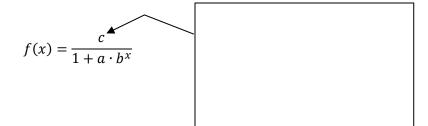
B) 
$$f(t) = 325(0.13)^t$$

C) 
$$f(t) = 0.87(325)^t$$

D) 
$$f(t) = 0.13(325)^t$$

### Solution

# **Logistic Model**



Example 1: p.271 #24



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Example 2: 5.271 #26	

Example 3: p.272 #46

# **More Practice**

# **Logistic Models**

http://www.ck12.org/book/CK-12-Precalculus-Concepts/section/3.7/

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LyJrUtzKtwI

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OSMPeY354cU

# **Homework Assignment**

p.271 #23,28,45,47,50

### **SAT Connection**

### Solution

**Choice A is correct**. Each year, the amount of the radioactive substance is reduced by 13 percent from the prior year's amount; that is, each year, 87 percent of the previous year's amount remains. Since the initial amount of the radioactive substance was 325 grams, after 1 year, 325(0.87) grams remains; after 2 years  $325(0.87)(0.87) = 325(0.87)^2$  grams remains; and after t years,  $325(0.87)^t$  grams remains. Therefore, the function  $f(t) = 325(0.87)^t$  models the remaining amount of the substance, in grams, after t years.

Choice B is incorrect and may result from confusing the amount of the substance remaining with the decay rate. Choices C and D are incorrect and may result from confusing the original amount of the substance and the decay rate.