Unit 3	(Chanter 3)	Exponential ,	Logistic &	Logarithmic	Functions
Umi	(Chapter 3)	. L'ADUNCHUAI.	Lugisuc, &	Logariumu	r uncuons

DATE: _____ Pre-Calculus 2018-2019

3.5 Equation Solving & Modeling

Target 3B: Know and understand the inverse relationships of exponential and logarithmic equations



SAT Connection

Problem Solving and Data Analysis

4. Create an equivalent form of an algebraic expression

Example:

$$9a^4 + 12a^2b^2 + 4b^4$$

Which of the following is equivalent to the expression shown above?

A)
$$(3a^2 + 2b^2)^2$$

B)
$$(3a + 2b)^4$$

C)
$$(9a^2 + 4b^2)^2$$

D)
$$(9a + 4b)^4$$

Solution

Orders of Magnitude and Logarithmic Models

Explain in your own words what **Order of Magnitude** means and give an example.



Read through *Example 5*, then find the answer to the following problem:

In January of 2010, the country of Haiti was hit by a disastrous 7.0 magnitude earthquake. In February of 2010, a 3.8 magnitude earthquake was recorded 45 miles northwest of Chicago. How many times stronger was the Haiti earthquake than the Illinois earthquake?

- **1.** Expand using properties of logarithms:
 - a) $\log_3 rt$

d) $\ln \frac{u}{7}$

b) $\log_f k^3$

e) $\log_4 \frac{3y}{gh}$

c) $\log_5 2f^3h^4$

- $\mathbf{f)} \quad \log_9 \frac{2d}{5w^3}$
- 2. Write as a single logarithm (condense) using properties of logarithms:
 - $\mathbf{a}) \qquad \log_2 t + \log_2 6 + \log_2 k$

d) $\log_3 y - \log_3 6 - 2\log_3 t$

 $\mathbf{b}) \qquad 2\log_4 m + 5\log_4 n + \log_4 k$

e) $2\log_6 t + 3\log_6 t + 5\log_6 t$

 $\mathbf{c}) \qquad \frac{1}{2}\log_8 a + \frac{1}{3}\log_8 b$

 $\mathbf{f}) \quad \ln x - 3\ln x + 2\ln x$

More Practice

Orders of Magnitude

 $\underline{https://www.khanacademy.org/math/pre-algebra/pre-algebra-exponents-radicals/pre-algebra-orders-of-magnitude/v/orders-of-magnitude-exercise-example-1$

Properties of Logarithms

https://www.khanacademy.org/math/algebra2/exponential-and-logarithmic-functions/properties-of-

logarithms/v/introduction-to-logarithm-properties

http://www.algebralab.org/lessons/lesson.aspx?file=algebra_logarithmproperties.xml

http://www.regentsprep.org/regents/math/algtrig/ate9/LogPrac.htm

http://www.mathguide.com/lessons2/Logs.html

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=SxF44olWTyk

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=eLapHtvQbFo

Homework Assignment

p.301 #29,37,39,41,45,47

SAT Connection

Solution

Choice A is correct. If a polynomial expression is in the form $(x)^2 + 2(x)(y) + (y)^2$, then it is equivalent to $(x + y)^2$. Because $9a^4 + 12a^2b^2 + 4b^4 = (3a^2)^2 + 2(3a^2)(2b^2) + (2b^2)^2$, it can be rewritten as $(3a^2 + 2b^2)^2$.

Choice B is incorrect. The expression $(3a + 2b)^4$ is equivalent to the product (3a + 2b)(3a + 2b)(3a + 2b)(3a + 2b). This product will contain the term $4(3a)^3$ $(2b) = 216a^3b$. However, the given polynomial, $9a^4 + 12a^2b^2 + 4b^4$, does not contain the term $216a^3b$. Therefore, $9a^4 + 12a^2b^2 + 4b^4 \neq (3a + 2b)^4$. Choice C is incorrect. The expression $(9a^2 + 4b^2)^2$ is equivalent to the product $(9a^2 + 4b^2)(9a^2 + 4b^2)$. This product will contain the term $(9a^2)(9a^2) = 81a^4$. However, the given polynomial, $9a^4 + 12a^2b^2 + 4b^4$, does not contain the term $81a^4$. Therefore, $9a^4 + 12a^2b^2 + 4b^4 \neq (9a^2 + 4b^2)^2$. Choice D is incorrect. The expression $(9a + 4b)^4$ is equivalent to the product (9a + 4b)(9a + 4b)(9a + 4b) (9a + 4b). This product will contain the term $(9a)(9a)(9a)(9a) = 6,561a^4$. However, the given polynomial, $9a^4 + 12a^2b^2 + 4b^4$, does not contain the term $6,561a^4$. Therefore, $9a^4 + 12a^2b^2 + 4b^4 \neq (9a + 4b)^4$.