

### 7.3 Solve Systems of Equations Using Matrices

Target 8F: Find the inverse of a matrix, if it exists, and use it to solve systems of linear equations (using technology for matrices of dimension  $3 \times 3$  or greater).

#### *Review of Prior Concepts*

Find the equation of a parabola that passes through the points  $(-1, 9)$ ,  $(1, 5)$ , and  $(2, 12)$  using Inverse Matrices.

#### More Practice

##### Solving Systems Using Inverse Matrices

<http://www.mathplanet.com/education/algebra-2/matrices/using-matrices-when-solving-system-of-equations>

<http://math.uww.edu/~mcfarlat/matrix.htm>

<https://www.mathsisfun.com/algebra/systems-linear-equations-matrices.html>

<https://youtu.be/Re1F4d24Fxk>

[https://youtu.be/0\\_DYEFlCiM](https://youtu.be/0_DYEFlCiM)

<https://youtu.be/FILsxlWD6a8>

### Augmented Matrices

**Augmented Matrix** – one matrix with coefficients and answers

*Example:*

Write the system of equations as an augmented matrix:  $\begin{cases} x - 2y + z = 7 \\ 3x - 5y + z = 14 \\ 2x - 2y - z = 3 \end{cases}$

### Solving Augmented Matrices

To solve an augmented matrix,

use Gaussian elimination to have the matrix in **Reduced Row Echelon Form**.

Reduced Row Echelon Form:

$$\left[ \begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & \cdots & 0 & a_1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \cdots & 0 & a_2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & & & a_3 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots & \vdots \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \cdots & 1 & a_n \end{array} \right]$$

WATCH THIS VIDEO: [https://youtu.be/0-feBnP7q\\_k](https://youtu.be/0-feBnP7q_k)*Examples:*

- [menu] 1.** Solve the system of equations using **Reduced Row Echelon Form**:

$$\begin{cases} x - 2y + z = 7 \\ 3x - 5y + z = 14 \\ 2x - 2y - z = 3 \end{cases}$$

- [menu] 2.** Solve the system of equations using **Reduced Row Echelon Form**:

$$\begin{cases} x + y + 3z = 2 \\ 3x + 4y + 10z = 5 \\ x + 2y + 4z = 3 \end{cases}$$

- [menu] 3.** Solve the system of equations using **Reduced Row Echelon Form**:

$$\begin{cases} x - z = 2 \\ -2x + y + 3z = -5 \\ 2x + y - z = 3 \end{cases}$$

Now you try...

Solve each system of equations using **Reduced Row Echelon Form**:

$$1. \begin{cases} x + 2y + 3z = 9 \\ 2x - y + z = 8 \\ 3x - z = 3 \end{cases}$$

$$2. \begin{cases} x + z = 1 \\ x + y + z = 2 \\ x - y + z = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$3. \begin{cases} 3x + y - 6z = -10 \\ 2x + y - 5z = -8 \\ 6x - 3y + 3z = 0 \end{cases}$$

### More Practice

#### Augmented Matrices

<http://www.purplemath.com/modules/matrices.htm>

<http://www.mathbootcamps.com/augmented-matrices-and-systems-of-linear-equations/>

<https://braingenie.ck12.org/skills/106514>

[https://youtu.be/A\\_FIRE0NJ8Y](https://youtu.be/A_FIRE0NJ8Y)

<https://youtu.be/dHmqVGXyVG4>

<https://youtu.be/N9tFrUK83Uk>

#### Gaussian Elimination for Augmented Matrices

<https://www.mathway.com/examples/linear-algebra/systems-of-linear-equations/solving-using-an-augmented-matrix?id=227>

<http://tutorial.math.lamar.edu/Classes/Alg/AugmentedMatrix.aspx>

[https://youtu.be/WiWeiVIu\\_SM](https://youtu.be/WiWeiVIu_SM)

<https://youtu.be/2j5Ic2V7wq4>

### Homework Assignment

p.553 #27,43,44,59,61