

9-4 Direct, Joint and Inverse Variation notes 2 - Microsoft Word

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P.4. Advanced Algebra Direct, Joint, & Inverse Variation

DATE: 4/14

Target 8A. Classify an equation as direct, inverse, or joint variation

Target 8B. Create equations to solve direct, inverse, or joint variation problems.



Direct Variation: y varies directly as x if there is some nonzero constant k such that $y = kx$, where k is called the **constant of variation**.

$$\frac{y}{x} = k \rightarrow \frac{y}{x} = k$$

1. If y varies directly as x and $y = 12$ when $x = -3$, find y when $x = 16$.

$$\frac{y_1}{x_1} = \frac{y_2}{x_2} \Rightarrow \frac{12}{-3} \times \frac{y}{16} \Rightarrow 12 \cdot 16 = -3 \cdot y \Rightarrow \frac{192}{-3} = -3y \Rightarrow -64 = y$$

2. If y varies directly as x and $y = -15$ when $x = 5$, find y when $x = 3$.

$$\frac{y_1}{x_1} = \frac{y_2}{x_2} \Rightarrow \frac{-15}{5} \times \frac{y}{3} \Rightarrow -15 \cdot 3 = 5 \cdot y \Rightarrow \frac{-45}{5} = \frac{5y}{5} \Rightarrow -9 = y$$

3. If y varies directly as x and $y = 15$ when $x = 3$, find y when $x = 12$.

$$\frac{y_1}{x_1} = \frac{y_2}{x_2} \Rightarrow \frac{15}{3} \times \frac{y}{12} \Rightarrow 15 \cdot 12 = 3 \cdot y \Rightarrow \frac{180}{3} = \frac{3y}{3} \Rightarrow 60 = y$$

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Inverse Variation: y varies **inversely** as x if there is some nonzero constant k such that $xy = k$ or $y = \frac{k}{x}$ where $x \neq 0$ and $y \neq 0$.

6. If r varies **inversely** as t and $r = 18$ when $t = -3$, find r when $t = -11$.

$$r_1 t_1 = r_2 t_2 \Rightarrow 18(-3) = r(-11)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{-54}{-11} = \frac{r}{11}$$

$$\frac{54}{11} = r$$

7. If y varies **inversely** as x and $y = -14$ when $x = 12$, find x when $y = 21$.

$$x_1 y_1 = x_2 y_2 \Rightarrow (12)(-14) = x(21)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{-168}{21} = \frac{x}{21}$$

$$-8 = x$$

State whether each equation represents direct, joint, or inverse variation. Then name the constant of variation (k).

8. $ab = 20$

9. $\frac{y}{z} = -0.5$

10. $A = \frac{1}{2}bh$

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7. If y varies inversely as x and $y = -14$ when $x = 12$, find x when $y = 21$.

State whether each equation represents direct, joint, or inverse variation. Then name the constant of variation (k).

8. $ab = 20$

Inverse

$k = 20$

11. $V = \pi r^2 h$

Joint

$k = \pi$

14. $y = 2rt$

Joint

$k = 2$

9. $\frac{y}{x} = -0.5$

Direct

$k = -0.5$

12. $c = 12m$

Direct

$k = 12$

15. $R = \frac{s}{w}$

Inverse

$k = 8$

10. $A = \frac{1}{2}bh$

Joint

$k = \frac{1}{2}$

13. $p = \frac{4}{s}$

Inverse

$k = 4$

16. $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{1}{3}$

Direct, $k = \frac{1}{3}$