# Core Integrated Math 2 

## FINAL EXAM

REVIEW
$2^{\text {nd }}$ Semester, 2015-2016 KC5-KC9

| Name: | Teacher: | Period: |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 2016 MAY |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SUN | MON | tue | WED | THU | FRI | SAT |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 |
| 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 |
| 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | $\underset{\substack{26 \\ \text { FINALS } \\ 1,3}}{ }$ | 27 <br> FINALS <br> 2. 4 | 28 |
| 29 | $\begin{aligned} & 30_{\text {NO }} \\ & \text { SCHOOL } \end{aligned}$ | 31 <br> FINALS <br> 6, 5 |  |  |  |  |

Target 5A: Determine the model that would best represent a data set and analyze residual plots from the data to determine if the function is an appropriate fit.

1. Determine which kind of function best models the data.

| $\boldsymbol{x}$ | $\boldsymbol{f}(\boldsymbol{x})$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| -2 | 12 |
| -1 | 9 |
| 0 | 8 |
| 1 | 9 |
| 2 | 12 |
| 3 | 17 |

2. When finding the best fit linear equation, which of the following are we trying to MINIMIZE?
A. The range of the residuals
B. The sum of the squares of the residuals
C. The sum of the dependent variable
D. The sum of the residuals
3. Determine which kind of function best models the data.

| $x$ | $y$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| -2 | $\frac{1}{64}$ |
| -1 | $\frac{1}{8}$ |
| 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 8 |
| 2 | 64 |

Target 5B: Interpret the key features of quadratic and exponential functions, represented graphically.
4. Answer the questions below in regards to key features of a graph:
a) Is the function INCREASING or DECREASING?
b) Identify the $y$-intercept:

5. Describe the END BEHAVIOR of the graph below.


Target 5C: Use graphs and tables to compare the output values of linear, quadratic, and exponential functions and compare properties of two differently* represented functions. (*algebraically, graphically, numerically in tables, or by verbal descriptions).
6. Select the function that has the GREATEST $y$-intercept.

## Function $\boldsymbol{f}_{\boldsymbol{A}}$

Function $\boldsymbol{f}_{\boldsymbol{B}}$

| $\boldsymbol{x}$ | -2 | -1 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\boldsymbol{f}(\boldsymbol{x})$ | 7 | 0 | -5 | -8 | -9 |

Function $\boldsymbol{f}_{\boldsymbol{C}}$

7. Determine the function that has the greatest output value $(y)$ when $x=-4$.

$$
f_{A}=2 x+13
$$

$$
f_{B}=4^{x}
$$

$$
f_{C}=x^{2}-3 x+14
$$

Target 5D: Transform graphs based on changes in equations and write equations based on a translation of a parent graph.
8. Identify the transformation from Graph A to Graph B. Write the function of Graph B in the space provided.

| Graph A | Graph B |
| :---: | :---: |
| $f(x)=x^{2}$ |  |



9. Describe the transformation of $f(x)=4^{(x-3)}$ from the parent function $f(x)=4^{x}$.
10. Transform the parent function $f(x)=x^{2}$ by shifting 6 units down and 4 units right.

Target 6A: Understand similarity in terms of transformations in the coordinate plane.
11. Determine the scale factor from $G I R L$ to $G^{\prime} I^{\prime} R^{\prime} L^{\prime}$.

12. The figure transforms from $A B C$ to $X Y Z$.

Determine the center of dilation.


Target 6B: Determine that two figures are similar using AA $\sim$, SSS $\sim$, and SAS $\sim$ similarity by verifying that angle measure is preserved and corresponding sides are proportional and use to make conclusions.
13. Determine if the triangles are similar. If they are not similar, write "Not Possible."

14. Determine if the triangles are similar. If they are not similar, write "Not Possible."

15. Determine if the triangles are similar. If they are not similar, write "Not Possible."


Target 6C: Apply theorems, postulates, or definitions to find missing values.
16. Find the value of $x$.

17. Find the value of $x$.

18. Given $\triangle A B C \sim \triangle D E F$, solve for $x$.


Target 6D: Calculate the base area and volume of prisms, cylinders, pyramids, and cones.
19. Calculate the volume of the square pyramid.

Volume $=\frac{1}{3}($ area of base $) \cdot$ height of pyramid

20. Calculate the base area of the cylinder. Area $_{\odot}=$ $\pi r^{2}$

21. Calculate the volume of the cone. Volume $=\frac{1}{3}\left(\pi r^{2}\right) \cdot$ height of cone


Target 7A: Use Pythagorean Theorem to find missing sides of right triangles in application problems.
22. How many meters would it take to walk from Point A to Point B if it were possible to walk through the pond? Round your answer to the nearest hundredth. $\boldsymbol{a}^{2}+\boldsymbol{b}^{2}=\boldsymbol{c}^{2}$

23. Find the height that the ladder reaches. Round your answer to the nearest hundredth. $\boldsymbol{a}^{2}+\boldsymbol{b}^{2}=\boldsymbol{c}^{2}$

24. Find the height of the iPod mini. Round your answer to the nearest hundredth. $\boldsymbol{a}^{2}+\boldsymbol{b}^{2}=\boldsymbol{c}^{2}$


Target 7B: Define the trigonometric ratios for acute angles in a right triangle and calculate sine, cosine, and tangent ratios when given two side lengths.
25. Identify the ratio of $\cos Q$.


$$
\text { cos }=\frac{\text { adjacent }}{\text { hypotenuse }}
$$

26. Identify the ratio of $\tan R$.

27. Identify the ratio of $\sin \theta$.


Target 7C: Use the characteristics of similar figures to justify the trigonometric ratios.
28. $\triangle C D B \sim \triangle G E F$. The $\cos B=\frac{45}{53}$. What is the ratio of $\cos F$ ?

29. $\triangle F G H \sim \triangle D C E$. Identify the ratio of $\sin E$.


$$
\sin =\frac{\text { opposite }}{\text { hypotenuse }}
$$

Target 7D: Use trigonometry to solve for missing sides and angles of right triangles.
30. Solve for $\theta$.

31. Solve for $x$.


Target 7E: Solve right triangles by finding the measures of all sides and angles.

33. Solve for $\angle F$ :
34. Solve for $\overline{D F}$ :
35. Solve for $\overline{D E}$ :

Target 8A: Use a sample space to describe events as subsets of that sample space and determine if two events are independent utilizing probability tests.
36. Identify the sample space.

37. Which of the following events would NOT represent independent probability?
A. Students in a composition class may select certain topics on which to write an essay. Repeats are allowed, and they do not need to inform the teacher of their choice prior to the due date of the essay.
B. In history class, Hallie has to select a historical figure to dress up as. Then Rosie will select one, too. There are no repeats allowed.
C. Alex took a coin out of her pocket and flipped it. Then she flipped it again.

Target 8B: Use the rules of probability to compute probabilities of compound events in a uniform probability model.
38. Determine the probability of spinning a letter P AND picking a consonant.

39. A spinner is spun 4 times, and the outcomes are documented. What is the probability that the first spin is a 2 AND the fourth spin is a 4?


| 1234 | 2334 | 3214 | 4213 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3324 | 4343 | 1123 | 3213 |
| 4443 | 3113 | 2214 | 1332 |

40. What is the probability of rolling a $3 \underline{O R}$ a number greater than 4 ?


Target 8C: Construct and interpret a two-way frequency table.
41. How many randomly chosen art students preferred drawing Plants by using Chalk as their medium?

|  | Plant | Insect | Totals |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Acrylic paint | 2 | 1 | 3 |
| Chalk | 4 | 2 | 6 |
| Totals | 6 | 3 | 9 |

42. What is the probability that a randomly selected box of cereal contains two prizes?

|  | One prize | Two prizes | Totals |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mini size | 3 | 2 | 5 |
| Jumbo size | 3 | 3 | 6 |
| Totals | 6 | 5 | 11 |

43. What is $P$ (reads 3 hours per week $\mid$ prefers paperback books)?
$P(A \mid B)=\frac{P(A \cap B)}{P(B)}$

|  | E-readers | Paperback books | Totals |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 hour per week | 5 | 3 | 8 |
| 3 hours per week | 1 | 6 | 7 |
| Totals | 6 | 9 | 15 |

Target 8D: Demonstrate understanding by calculating conditional probability and independence using everyday examples of events based on the context of the problem.
44. The probability that a person has blonde hair is 0.20 . The probability that they have blonde hair AND have a blue car is 0.18 . Find the probability that a person has a blue car, GIVEN that they have blonde hair.
$P($ blue car $\mid$ blonde hair $)=\frac{P(\text { blue car and blonde hair })}{P(\text { blonde hair })}$
45. The probability that a person has knee pain is 0.59 . The probability that they have knee pain AND is a male is 0.54 . Find the probability that a person is a male, GIVEN that they have knee pain.
$P($ male $\mid$ knee pain $)=\frac{P(\text { male and } \text { knee pain })}{P(\text { knee pain })}$
46. 6 out of 10 job openings are in retail. If four job openings are chosen at random WITH replacement, what is the probability that all four job openings will be in the retail industry?

Target 8E: Compute probabilities of independent, dependent and compound events and use these to interpret data.

47. On the tree diagram, which decimal should be placed in the blank space labeled " $w$ "?
48. Explain what the probability of $w$ represents.
49. Find $P$ (Female AND Prefers Zumba).

Target 9A: Prove that circles are similar.
50. Show the two given circles are similar by stating the necessary transformations from $\odot F$ to $\odot S$.
$\odot F$ : center $(-8,6)$ radius $2 \odot D$ : center $(1,1)$ radius 8

Target 9B: Identify and describe relationships among central angles, inscribed angles, radii, and chords.
Use the figure at the right to answer questions \#41-43 where $O$ is the center.
51. Identify which of the following is an inscribed angle.
A. $\Varangle S O R$
B. $\Varangle M C A$
C. $\Varangle A R S$
52. Identify which of the following is a chord.
A. $\overline{S O}$
B. $\overline{D E}$
C. Both A and B
53. Identify which of the following is a major arc.
A. $\widehat{A R M}$
B. $\overline{A C B}$

C. $\widehat{A D M}$

Target 9C: Apply the formula for arc length and area of a sector of a circle and calculate using the radius and/or the measure of the central angle.
54. Convert $240^{\circ}$ to radians. $\quad$ Radians $=$ degrees $\cdot \frac{\pi}{180}$
55. A round pizza with a $20^{\prime \prime}$ diameter is cut into 4 congruent slices. What is the area of one slice/sector? (in terms of $\pi)$ Area $_{\text {circle }}=\pi r^{2}$


Target 9D: Given the equation of the circle, use the method of completing the square to determine the coordinates of the center and radius of the circle.
56. Use completing the square to find the center and radius of the circle.

$$
\begin{gathered}
x^{2}+y^{2}+4 y-12=0 \\
x^{2}+y^{2}+4 y=12 \\
x^{2}+y^{2}+4 y+\ldots=12+\ldots
\end{gathered}
$$

57. Use completing the square to find the center and radius of the circle.

$$
\begin{gathered}
x^{2}-2 x+y^{2}-80=0 \\
x^{2}-2 x+y^{2}=80 \\
x^{2}-2 x+\ldots+y^{2}=80+\ldots
\end{gathered}
$$

58. Use completing the square to find the center and radius of the circle.

$$
\begin{gathered}
x^{2}+y^{2}+2 x-24 y+120=0 \\
x^{2}+2 x+y^{2}-24 y+120=0 \\
x^{2}+2 x+y^{2}-24 y=-120 \\
x^{2}+2 x+\ldots+y^{2}-24 y+\ldots \quad=-120+\ldots+\ldots
\end{gathered}
$$

