Chapter 2: "View the Review Exercises"

Player #2:_

Each player takes turns connecting two dots with a line. When a player fills a square, they mark their initials in that square and make another line. After all squares are claimed, both players complete their problems. Each correct problem is worth 1 point. The player who earns the most points is the winner!

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$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2}(x-3)^2 - 2$$
 V.A. @ $x = -1$, 1
or H.A. @ $y = 1$
 $y = \frac{1}{2}(x-3)^2 - 2$ $y = 1$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2}(x-3)^2 - 2$$
 V.A.@ $x = -1$, 1
or H.A.@ $y = 1$
 $y = \frac{1}{2}(x-3)^2 - 2$ $y = 1$ $y = 1$ or $(0,-1)$

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yes

Leave answer in factored form!

$$f(x)=(x+2)^{2}(x-4)^{2}$$
 $f(x)=(2x+3)(x-3+i)(x-3-i)$

Zeroes: -3, 3+i, 3-i

$$+(x)=(2x+3)(x-3+6)(x-3-6)$$

$$f(x) = (x + \frac{3}{2})(x - 3 + i)(x - 3 - i)$$

$$L_{3} \text{ acceptable here}$$

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P={ ±1, ±2, ±3, ±6, ±2, ±3}

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$$X = -5$$

Final Score:

Player #1:

Player #2: