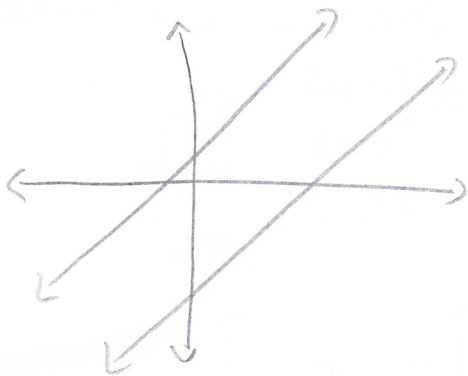


## 2.3 SLOPES CONTINUED...

①

### PARALLEL LINES



LINES WITH THE SAME SLOPE.

Ex GRAPH THE LINE THROUGH  $(-1, 3)$  THAT IS PARALLEL TO THE LINE WITH EQUATION  $x + 4y = -4$

$$x + 4y = -4$$

$$x\text{-INT} \Rightarrow x + 4(0) = -4$$

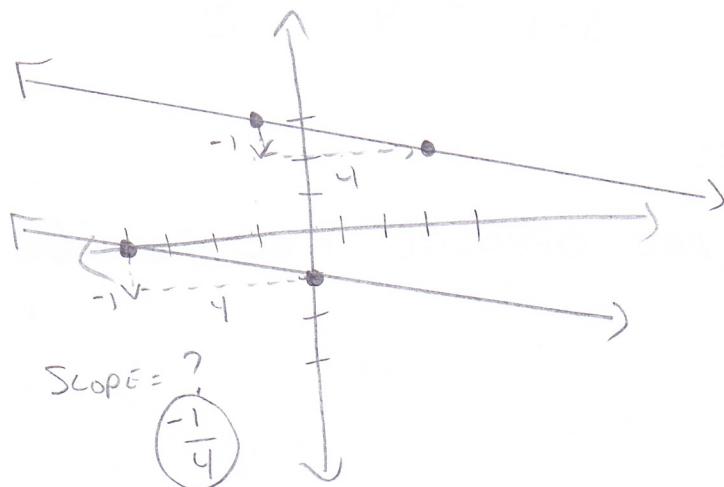
$$x = -4 \quad (-4, 0)$$

$$y\text{-INT} \Rightarrow 0 + 4y = -4$$

$$4y = -4$$

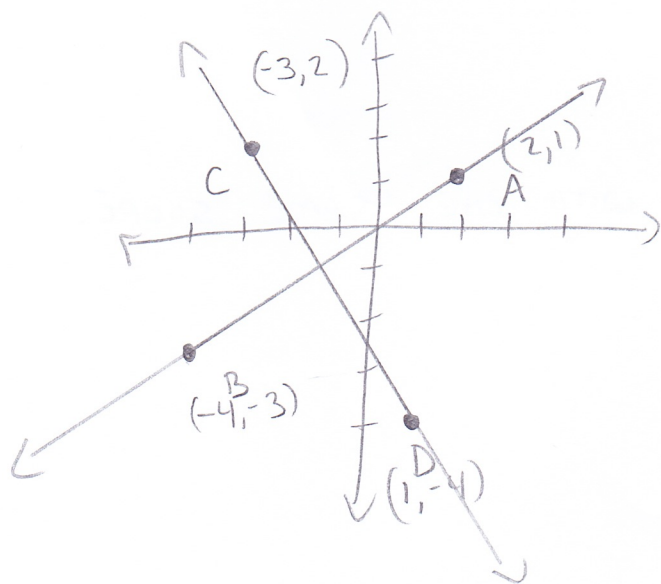
$$\frac{4y}{4} = \frac{-4}{4}$$

$$y = -1 \quad (0, -1)$$



(2)

LOOK AT PERPENDICULAR LINES.



SLOPE OF  
 $\overline{AB}$

$$\frac{y_1 - y_2}{x_1 - x_2}$$

$$\frac{-3 - 1}{-4 - 2} = \frac{-4}{-6} = \frac{2}{3}$$

SLOPE OF  
 $\overline{CD}$

$$\frac{y_1 - y_2}{x_1 - x_2}$$

$$\frac{2 - (-4)}{-3 - 1} = \frac{6}{-4} = -\frac{3}{2}$$

PERPENDICULAR LINES

SLOPES ARE OPPOSITE RECIPROCAL

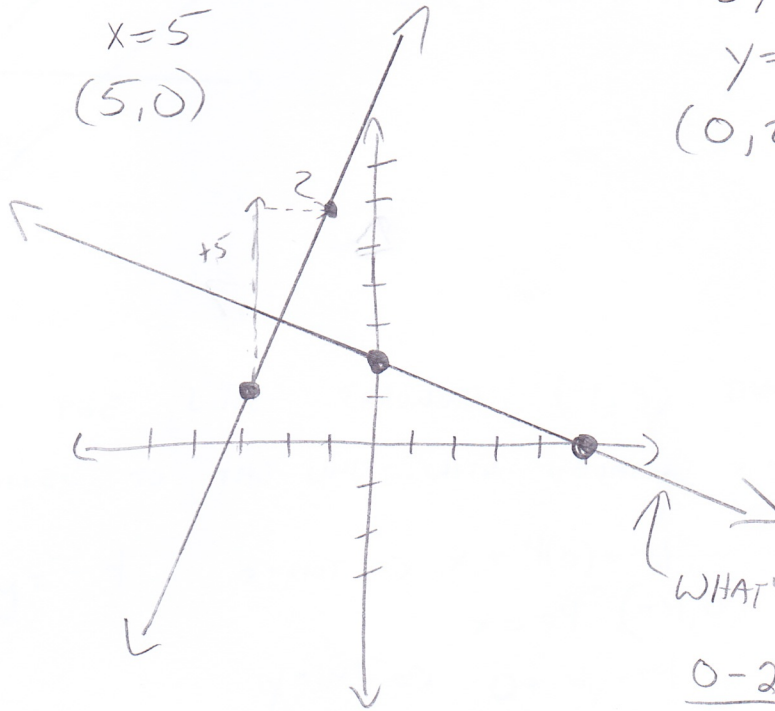
Ex 2 | GRAPH LINE THROUGH  $(-3, 1)$

(3)

THAT IS PERPENDICULAR TO THE  
LINE w/ EQUATION  $2x + 5y = 10$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{x-INT} \Rightarrow 2x + 5(0) &= 10 \\ 2x &= 10 \\ x &= 5 \\ (5, 0) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{y-INT} \Rightarrow 2(0) + 5y &= 10 \\ 5y &= 10 \\ y &= 2 \\ (0, 2) \end{aligned}$$



WHAT'S THE SLOPE?

$$\frac{0-2}{5-0} = -\frac{2}{5}$$

SO LINE  $\perp \Rightarrow$  SLOPE =  $\frac{5}{2}$

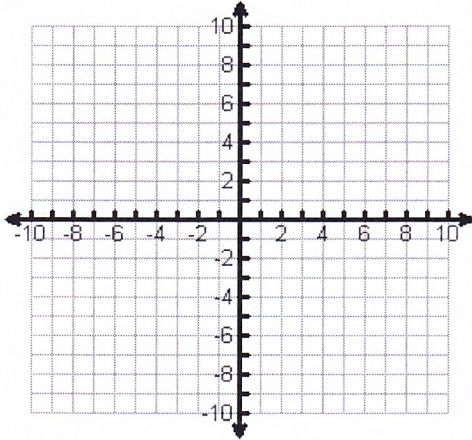
HW:

Topics of Advanced Algebra  
2.3 Exit Slip

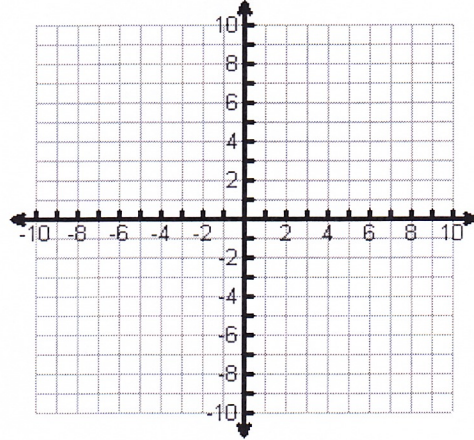
Name \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_ Period \_\_\_\_\_

- 1) Graph the line through  $(1, -2)$  that is parallel to the line with the equation  $x - y = -2$ .



- 2) Graph the line through  $(2, 1)$  that is perpendicular to the line with the equation  $2x - 3y = 3$ .

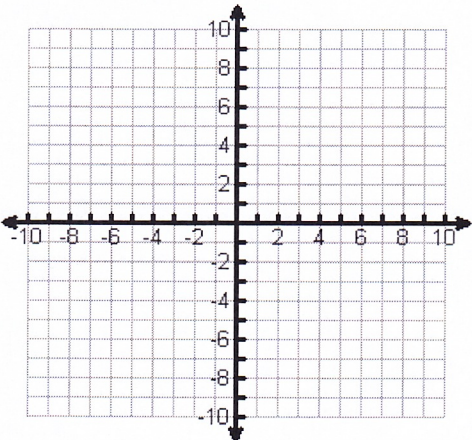


Topics of Advanced Algebra  
2.3 Exit Slip

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_ Period \_\_\_\_\_

- 1) Graph the line through  $(1, -2)$  that is parallel to the line with the equation  $x - y = -2$ .



- 2) Graph the line through  $(2, 1)$  that is perpendicular to the line with the equation  $2x - 3y = 3$ .

