Advanced Algebra

Unit 1 Practice: Linear Functions

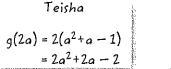
$$g(t) = 5t + 9$$

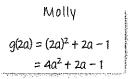
$$f(t) = 6t^2 - 26t$$

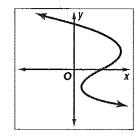
Check for Understanding

Concept Check

- **1. OPEN ENDED** Write a relation of four ordered pairs that is *not* a function.
- 2. Copy the graph at the right. Then draw a vertical line that shows that the graph does not represent a function.
- 3. **FIND THE ERROR** Teisha and Molly are finding g(2a) for the function $g(x) = x^2 + x - 1$.



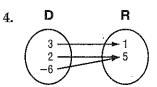


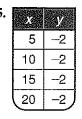


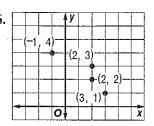
Who is correct? Explain your reasoning.

Guided Practice

Determine whether each relation is a function. Write yes or no.







Graph each relation or equation and find the domain and range. Then determine whether the relation or equation is a function.

7.
$$\{(7, 8), (7, 5), (7, 2), (7, -1)\}$$

9.
$$y = -2x + 1$$

10.
$$x = y^2$$

11. Find
$$f(5)$$
 if $f(x) = x^2 - 3x$.

12. Find
$$h(-2)$$
 if $h(x) = x^3 + 1$.

Application

WEATHER For Exercises 13-16, use the table of record high temperatures (°F) for January and July.

- 13. Identify the domain and range. Assume that the January temperatures are the domain.
- 14. Write a relation of ordered pairs for the data.
- **15.** Graph the relation.
- **16.** Is this relation a function? Explain.

| City | Jan. | July |
|---------------|------|------|
| Los Angeles | 88 | 97 |
| Sacramento | 70 | 114 |
| San Diego | 88 | 95 |
| San Francisco | 72 | 105 |

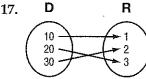
Source: U.S. National Oceanic and

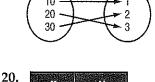
Practice and Apply

Homework Help For See Exercises Examples 17-28 1, 2 29-32 33, 34 35-45, 55 46-54, 56

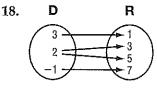
Extra Practice See page 830.

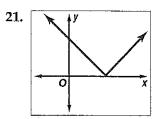
Determine whether each relation is a function. Write yes or no.





| X | у |
|------|--------|
| 2000 | \$4000 |
| 2001 | \$4300 |
| 2002 | \$4000 |
| 2003 | \$4500 |





| City | delii | TOTAL | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-------|-------|--|--|--|
| Los Angeles | 88 | 97 | | | |
| Sacramento | 70 | 114 | | | |
| San Diego | 88 | 95 | | | |
| San Francisco | 72 | 105 | | | |
| Sources II C. Notional Commission of | | | | | |

Atmospheric Administration

19.

| Х | у |
|-----|-----|
| 0.5 | -3 |
| 2 | 0.8 |
| 0.5 | 8) |

| 2. | 4 | |
|----|---|---|
| | | , |

Graph each relation or equation and find the domain and range. Then determine whether the relation or equation is a function.

29.
$$y = -5x$$

30.
$$y = 3x$$

31.
$$y = 3x - 4$$

32.
$$y = 7x - 6$$

33.
$$y = x^2$$

More About. .

Sports

The major league record for runs batted in (RBIs) is

191 by Hack Wilson.

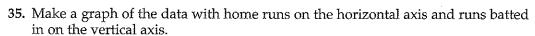
Source: www.baseballalmanac.com

34.
$$x = 2y^2 - 3$$

• SPORTS For Exercises 35–37, use the table that shows the leading home run and runs batted in totals in the American League for 1996-2000.

| Year | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| HR | 52 | 56 | 56 | 48 | 47 |
| RBI | 148 | 147 | 157 | 165 | 145 |

Source: The World Almanac



- **36.** Identify the domain and range.
- 37. Does the graph represent a function? Explain your reasoning.

FINANCE For Exercises 38–41, use the table that shows a company's stock price in recent years.

- 38. Write a relation to represent the data.
- Graph the relation.
- **40.** Identify the domain and range.
- 41. Is the relation a function? Explain your reasoning.

| Year | Price |
|------|-------|
| 1997 | \$39 |
| 1998 | \$43 |
| 1999 | \$48 |
| 2000 | \$55 |
| 2001 | \$61 |
| 2002 | \$52 |
| | |

GOVERNMENT For Exercises 42–45, use the table below that shows the number of members of the U.S. House of Representatives with 30 or more consecutive years of service in Congress from 1987 to 1999.

| Year | 1987 | 1989 | 1991 | 1993 | 1995 | 1997 | 1999 |
|-----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Representatives | 12 | 13 | 11 | 12 | 9 | 6 | 3 |

Source: Congressional Directory

- 42. Write a relation to represent the data.
- **43.** Graph the relation.
- 44. Identify the domain and range.
- **45.** Is the relation a function? If so, is it a one-to-one function? Explain.

Find each value if f(x) = 3x - 5 and $g(x) = x^2 - x$.

48.
$$g(\frac{1}{3})$$

49.
$$f(\frac{2}{3})$$

52. Find the value of f(x) = -3x + 2 when x = 2.

53. What is
$$g(4)$$
 if $g(x) = x^2 - 5$?

Check for Understanding

Concept Check

- **1. OPEN ENDED** Write an equation whose solution is -7.
- 2. Determine whether the following statement is sometimes, always, or never true. Explain.

Dividing each side of an equation by the same expression produces an equivalent equation.

3. **FIND THE ERROR** Crystal and Jamal are solving $C = \frac{5}{9}(F - 32)$ for F.

Crystal
$$C = \frac{5}{9}(F - 32)$$

$$C + 32 = \frac{5}{9}F$$

$$\frac{9}{5}(C + 32) = F$$

Jamal
$$C = \frac{5}{9}(F - 32)$$

$$\frac{9}{5}C = F - 32$$

$$\frac{9}{5}C + 32 = F$$

Who is correct? Explain your reasoning.

Guided Practice Write an algebraic expression to represent each verbal expression.

- five increased by four times a number
- 5. twice a number decreased by the cube of the same number

Write a verbal expression to represent each equation.

6.
$$9n - 3 = 6$$

7.
$$5 + 3x^2 = 2x$$

Name the property illustrated by each statement.

8.
$$(3x + 2) - 5 = (3x + 2) - 5$$

9. If
$$4c = 15$$
, then $4c + 2 = 15 + 2$.

Solve each equation. Check your solution.

10.
$$y + 14 = -7$$

11.
$$7 + 3x = 49$$

12.
$$-4(b+7) = -12$$

13.
$$7q + q - 3q = -24$$

14.
$$1.8a - 5 = -2.5$$

13.
$$7q + q - 3q = -24$$
 14. $1.8a - 5 = -2.3$ **15.** $-\frac{3}{4}n + 1 = -11$

Solve each equation or formula for the specified variable.

16.
$$4y - 2n = 9$$
, for y

17.
$$I = prt$$
, for p



18. If
$$4x + 7 = 18$$
, what is the value of $12x + 21$?

Practice and Apply

Homework Help For See Exercises Examples 19-28 1 29-34 2 35-40 41-56 4, 5 57-62

Extra Practice See page 828.

Write an algebraic expression to represent each verbal expression.

- 19. the sum of 5 and three times a number
- 20. seven more than the product of a number and 10
- 21. four less than the square of a number
- **22.** the product of the cube of a number and -6
- 23. five times the sum of 9 and a number
- 24. twice the sum of a number and 8
- 25. the square of the quotient of a number and 4
- 26. the cube of the difference of a number and 7

GEOMETRY For Exercises 27 and 28, use the following information.

The formula for the surface area of a cylinder with radius r and height h is π times twice the product of the radius and height plus twice the product of π and the square of the radius.



- 27. Translate this verbal expression of the formula into an algebraic expression.
- 28. Write an equivalent expression using the Distributive Property.

Write a verbal expression to represent each equation.

29.
$$x - 5 = 12$$

30.
$$2n + 3 = -1$$

31.
$$y^2 = 4y$$

32.
$$3a^3 = a + 4$$

33.
$$\frac{b}{4} = 2(b+1)$$

$$34. \ 7 - \frac{1}{2}x = \frac{3}{x^2}$$

Name the property illustrated by each statement.

35. If
$$[3(-2)]z = 24$$
, then $-6z = 24$.

36. If
$$5 + b = 13$$
, then $b = 8$.

37. If
$$2x = 3d$$
 and $3d = -4$, then $2x = -4$.

38. If
$$g - t = n$$
, then $g = n + t$.

39. If
$$14 = \frac{x}{2} + 11$$
, then $\frac{x}{2} + 11 = 14$.

40. If
$$y - 2 = -8$$
, then $3(y - 2) = 3(-8)$.

Solve each equation. Check your solution.

$$41.2p + 15 = 29$$

42.
$$14 - 3n = -10$$

$$(43, 7a - 3a + 2a - a = 16)$$

44.
$$x + 9x - 6x + 4x = 20$$

45.
$$\frac{1}{9} - \frac{2}{3}b = \frac{1}{18}$$

46.
$$\frac{5}{8} + \frac{3}{4}x = \frac{1}{16}$$

$$(47.)27 = -9(y+5)$$

48.
$$-7(p+8) = 21$$

$$49. \ 3f - 2 = 4f + 5$$

50.
$$3d + 7 = 6d + 5$$

51.
$$4.3n + 1 = 7 - 1.7n$$

52.
$$1.7x - 8 = 2.7x + 4$$

$$(53) 3(2z + 25) - 2(z - 1) = 78$$

54.
$$4(k+3) + 2 = 4.5(k+1)$$

55.
$$\frac{3}{11}a - 1 = \frac{7}{11}a + 9$$

56.
$$\frac{2}{5}x + \frac{3}{7} = 1 - \frac{4}{7}x$$

Solve each equation or formula for the specified variable.

57.
$$d = rt$$
, for r

58.
$$x = \frac{-b}{2a}$$
, for a

59.
$$V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$$
, for h

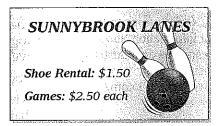
60.
$$A = \frac{1}{2}h(a+b)$$
, for b

61.
$$\frac{a(b-2)}{c-3} = x$$
, for b

62.
$$x = \frac{y}{y+4}$$
, for y

Define a variable, write an equation, and solve the problem.

63. BOWLING Jon and Morgan arrive at Sunnybrook Lanes with \$16.75. Find the maximum number of games they can bowl if they each rent shoes.



2-3,

Study Guide and Intervention Slope

Slope

Slope m of a Line

For points (x_1, y_1) and (x_2, y_2) , where $x_1 \neq x_2$, $m = \frac{\text{change in } y}{\text{change in } x} = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$

Determine the slope of the line that passes through (2, -1) and (-4, 5).

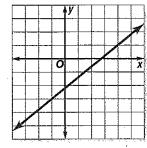
$$m=rac{y_2-y_1}{x_2-x_1}$$
 Slope formula
$$=rac{5-(-1)}{-4-2} \qquad (x_1,y_1)=(2,-1), (x_2,y_2)=(-4,5)$$

$$=rac{6}{-6}=-1 \qquad \text{Simplify.}$$

The slope of the line is -1.

Graph the line passing through (-1, -3) with a slope of $\frac{4}{5}$.

Graph the ordered pair (-1, -3). Then, according to the slope, go up 4 units and right 5 units. Plot the new point (4,1). Connect the points and draw the line.



Exercises

Find the slope of the line that passes through each pair of points.



3.
$$(5, 1)$$
 and $(7, -3)$

4.
$$(5, -3)$$
 and $(-4, 3)$

5.
$$(5, 10)$$
 and $(-1, -2)$

6.
$$(-1, -4)$$
 and $(-13, 2)$

7.
$$(7, -2)$$
 and $(3, 3)$

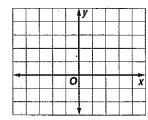
8.
$$(-5, 9)$$
 and $(5, 5)$

9.
$$(4, -2)$$
 and $(-4, -8)$

Graph the line passing through the given point with the given slope.

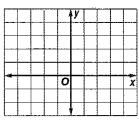
10. slope =
$$-\frac{1}{3}$$

passes through (0, 2)



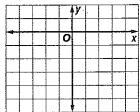
11.
$$slope = 2$$

passes through (1, 4)



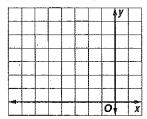
12. slope =
$$0$$

passes through (-2, -5)



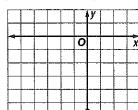
13.
$$slope = 1$$

passes through (-4, 6)



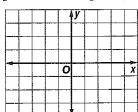
14. slope =
$$-\frac{3}{4}$$

passes through (-3, 0)



15. slope =
$$\frac{1}{5}$$

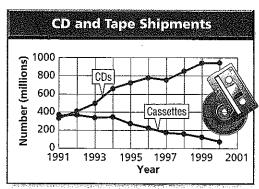
passes through (0,0)



In a plane, two oblique lines are perpendicular if and only if the product of their slopes is -1. Any vertical line is perpendicular to any horizontal line. the line passing through (4, 3) and (1, -3) and the line passing through (1, 2) and (-1, 3) perpendicular Glencoe Algebra 2 Are the line passing through (2,6) and (-2,2) and the line passing through (3,0) and (0,4) parallel, perpendicular, or neither? 3. the line passing through (2, 8) and (-2, 2) and the line passing through (0, 9) and (6, 0) neither The slopes are not equal and the product of the slopes is not -1, so the lines are neither parallel nor perpendicular. 7. the line passing through (-4, -8) and (6, -4) and the graph of 2x - 5y = 5 parallel PERIOD 4. the line with x-intercept -2 and y-intercept 5 and the line with x-intercept 2 and y-intercept -5 parallel (continued) 5, the line with x-intercept 1 and y-intercept 3 and the line with x-intercept 3 and y-intercept 1 neither 3. the line passing through (3, 9) and (-2, -1) and the graph of y = 2x parallel 6, the line passing through (-2, -3) and (2, 5) and the graph of x+2y=10 perpendicular Study Guide and Intervention DATE Are the lines parallel, perpendicular, or neither? 2 The slope of the second line is $\frac{4-0}{0-3} = -\frac{4}{3}$. Parallel and Perpendicular Lines In a plane, nonvertical lines with the The slope of the first line is $\frac{6-2}{2-(-2)}$ same slope are parallel. All vertical lines are parallel. Find the slopes of the two lines. Giencoe/McGraw-Hill Gxemple ressou 5-3 Giencoe Algebra 2 9 Graph the line passing **60** | 4 3. (5, 1) and (7, -3) -2 6. (-1, -4) and (-13, 2) passes through (0, 0) 9. (4, -2) and (-4, -8) PERIOD passes through (-2, through (-1, -3) with a slope of Graph the line passing through the given point with the given slope. 15. slope = $\frac{1}{5}$ For points (x_1, y_1) and (x_2, y_2) , where $x_1 \neq x_2$, $m = \frac{\text{change in } y}{\text{change in } x} = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$ 12. slope = 0 Find the slope of the line that passes through each pair of points. Graph the ordered pair (-1, -3). Then, according to the slope, go up 4 units and right 5 units. Plot the new point (4,1). Connect the points and draw Study Guide and Intervention Exemple 6 8. (-5, 9) and $(5, 5) = \frac{2}{5}$ passes through (1, 4) 5. (5, 10) and (-1,-2) passes through (-3, 2. (6, 4) and (3, 4) 0 g 14. slope = --The line that passes through (2, -1) and 11. slope = 2 $(x_1, y_1) = (2, -1), (x_2, y_2) = (-4, 5)$ Slope formula 4. (5, -3) and (-4, 3) -2 The slope of the line is -1. passes through (-4, 6) 7. (7, -2) and $(3, 3) -\frac{5}{4}$ passes through (0, 2) 1. (4, 7) and (6, 13) 3 Slope m of a Line © Glencoe/McGraw-Hill = 6 = -1 1 $=\frac{5-(-1)}{-4-2}$ Exercises 10. slope = $m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$ 13. slope = 1 Slope (-4, 5)

ENTERTAINMENT For Exercises 37–39, refer to the graph that shows the number of CDs and cassette tapes shipped by manufacturers to retailers in recent years.

- 37. Find the average rate of change of the number of CDs shipped from 1991 to 2000.
- **38.** Find the average rate of change of the number of cassette tapes shipped from 1991 to 2000.
- 39. Interpret the sign of your answer to Exercise 38.



Source: Recording Industry Association of America

TRAVEL For Exercises 40–42, use the following information. Mr. and Mrs. Wellman are taking their daughter to college. The table shows their distance from home after various amounts of time.

- **40.** Find the average rate of change of their distance from home between 1 and 3 hours after leaving home.
- **41.** Find the average rate of change of their distance from home between 0 and 5 hours after leaving home.
- **42.** What is another word for *rate of change* in this situation?

| Time (h) | Distance (mi) |
|-------------|------------------|
| · 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 55 |
| 2 | 110 |
| 3 | 165 |
| 4 | 165 |
| 5 | 225 |

Graph the line that satisfies each set of conditions.

- 43. passes through (-2, 2), parallel to a line whose slope is -1
- **44.** passes through (-4, 1), perpendicular to a line whose slope is $-\frac{3}{2}$
- **45.** passes through (3, 3), perpendicular to graph of y = 3
- **46.** passes through (2, -5), parallel to graph of x = 4
- 47. passes through (2, -1), parallel to graph of 2x + 3y = 6
- **48.** passes through origin, parallel to graph of x + y = 10
- **49.** perpendicular to graph of 3x 2y = 24, intersects that graph at its x-intercept
- **50.** perpendicular to graph of 2x + 5y = 10, intersects that graph at its *y*-intercept
- **51. GEOMETRY** Determine whether quadrilateral *ABCD* with vertices A(-2, -1), B(1, 1), C(3, -2), and D(0, -4) is a rectangle. Explain.
- **52. CRITICAL THINKING** If the graph of the equation ax + 3y = 9 is perpendicular to the graph of the equation 3x + y = -4, find the value of a.
- Answer the question that was posed at the beginning of the lesson.

How does slope apply to the steepness of roads?

Include the following in your answer:

- a few sentences explaining the relationship between the grade of a road and the slope of a line, and
- a graph of y = 0.08x, which corresponds to a grade of 8%. (A road with a grade of 6% to 8% is considered to be fairly steep. The scales on your x- and y-axes should be the same.)

Use the point-slope form and the ordered pair (-4, 3) to write the equation.

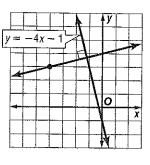
$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$
 Point-slope form

$$y-3=\frac{1}{4}[x-(-4)]$$
 $(x_1,y_1)=(-4,3), m=\frac{1}{4}$

$$y - 3 = \frac{1}{4}x + 1$$
 Distributive Property

$$y = \frac{1}{4}x + 4$$
 Add 3 to each side.

An equation of the line is $y = \frac{1}{4}x + 4$.



Check for Understanding

Concept Check

- 1. **OPEN ENDED** Write an equation of a line in slope-intercept form.
- 2. Identify the slope and y-intercept of the line with equation y = 6x.
- 3. Explain how to find the slope of a line parallel to the graph of 3x 5y = 2.

Guided Practice

State the slope and y-intercept of the graph of each equation.

4.
$$y = 2x - 5$$

5.
$$3x + 2y - 10 = 0$$

Write an equation in slope-intercept form for the line that satisfies each set of conditions.

7. slope
$$-\frac{3}{4}$$
, passes through $\left(2,\frac{1}{2}\right)$

8. passes through
$$(6, 1)$$
 and $(8, -4)$

9. passes through
$$(-3, 5)$$
 and $(2, 2)$

10. passes through
$$(0, -2)$$
, perpendicular to the graph of $y = x - 2$

11. Write an equation in slope-intercept form for the graph at the right.

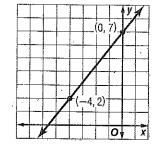


12. What is an equation of the line through (2, -4) and

$$B) y = -\frac{3}{5}x - \frac{14}{5}$$

(A)
$$y = -\frac{3}{5}x + \frac{26}{5}$$
 (B) $y = -\frac{3}{5}x - \frac{14}{5}$ (C) $y = \frac{3}{5}x - \frac{26}{5}$ (D) $y = \frac{3}{5}x + \frac{14}{5}$

①
$$y = \frac{3}{5}x + \frac{14}{5}$$



Practice and Apply

| Homey | vork | He | þ |
|--------------------------|---------|-----------|-----|
| For Exercises | | See | |
| 13–18, 21–2 | 988.666 | xamp 1 | ies |
| 19, 20, 29–34, 39, 40 | 1 | 2, 3 | |
| 35–38 | | 4 | |
| 41-52 | 63 | 1-3 | |

Extra Practice See page 831.

State the slope and y-intercept of the graph of each equation.

13.
$$y = -\frac{2}{3}x - 4$$
 14. $y = \frac{3}{4}x$

14.
$$y = \frac{3}{4}x$$

15.
$$2x - 4y = 10$$

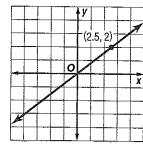
16.
$$3x + 5y - 30 = 0$$
 17. $x = 7$

17.
$$x = 7$$

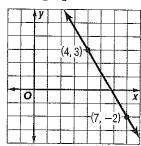
18.
$$cx + y = d$$

Write an equation in slope-intercept form for each graph.

19.

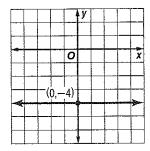


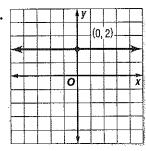
20.



Write an equation in slope-intercept form for each graph.

21.





Write an equation in slope-intercept form for the line that satisfies each set of conditions.

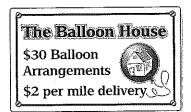
- **23.** slope 3, passes through (0, -6)
- **24.** slope 0.25, passes through (0, 4)
- 25. slope $-\frac{1}{2}$, passes through (1,3)
- **26.** slope $\frac{3}{2}$, passes through (-5, 1)
- 27. slope -0.5, passes through (2, -3)
- 28. slope 4, passes through the origin
- **29.** passes through (-2, 5) and (3, 1)
- **30.** passes through (7, 1) and (7, 8)
- 31. passes through (-4, 0) and (3, 0)
- **32.** passes through (-2, -3) and (0, 0)
- 33. *x*-intercept −4, *y*-intercept 4
- 34. *x*-intercept $\frac{1}{3}$, *y*-intercept $-\frac{1}{4}$
- 35. passes through (4, 6), parallel to the graph of $y = \frac{2}{3}x + 5$
- 36. passes through (2, -5), perpendicular to the graph of $y = \frac{1}{4}x + 7$
- 37. passes through (6, -5), perpendicular to the line whose equation is $3x \frac{1}{5}y = 3$
- 38. passes through (-3, -1), parallel to the line that passes through (3, 3) and (0, 6)
- 39. Write an equation in slope-intercept form of the line that passes through the points indicated in the table.
- -5

40. Write an equation in slope-intercept form of the line that passes through (-2, 10), (2, 2), and (4, -2).

GEOMETRY For Exercises 41–43, use the equation d = 180(c - 2) that gives the total number of degrees d in any convex polygon with c sides.

- 41. Write this equation in slope-intercept form.
- **42.** Identify the slope and *d*-intercept.
- 43. Find the number of degrees in a pentagon.
- 44. ECOLOGY A park ranger at Blendon Woods estimates there are 6000 deer in the park. She also estimates that the population will increase by 75 deer each year thereafter. Write an equation that represents how many deer will be in the park in x years.
- 45. BUSINESS Refer to the signs below. At what distance do the two stores charge the same amount for a balloon arrangement?





Skills Practice

Inverse Functions and Relations

Find the inverse of each relation.

2.
$$\{(-7, 1), (0, 5), (5, -1)\}$$

$$3. \{(-10, -2), (-7, 6), (-4, -2), (-4, 0)\}$$
 $4. \{(0, -9), (5, -3), (6, 6), (8, -3)\}$

$$4. \{(0, -9), (5, -3), (6, 6), (8, -3)\}$$

5.
$$\{(-4, 12), (0, 7), (9, -1), (10, -5)\}$$

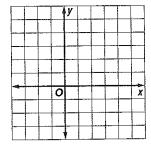
6.
$$\{(-4, 1), (-4, 3), (0, -8), (8, -9)\}$$

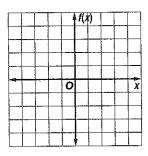
Find the inverse of each function. Then graph the function and its inverse.

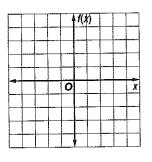
7.
$$y = 4$$

$$8. f(x) = 3x$$

9.
$$f(x) = x + 2$$



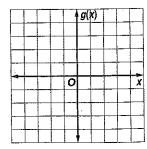


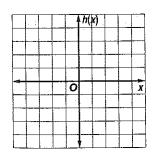


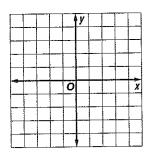
10.
$$g(x) = 2x - 1$$

11.
$$h(x) = \frac{1}{4}x$$

12.
$$y = \frac{2}{3}x + 2$$







Determine whether each pair of functions are inverse functions.

$$\mathbf{13.}\,f(x)=x-1$$

14.
$$f(x) = 2x + 3$$

15.
$$f(x) = 5x - 5$$

$$g(x) = 1 - x$$

$$g(x) = \frac{1}{2}(x-3)$$

$$g(x) = \frac{1}{5}x + 1$$

$$\mathbf{16.}\,f(x)=2x.$$

$$g(x) = \frac{1}{2}x$$

17.
$$h(x) = 6x - 2$$

$$g(x) = \frac{1}{6}x + 3$$

18.
$$f(x) = 8x - 10$$

 $g(x) = \frac{1}{8}x + \frac{5}{4}$

NAME

PERIOD

DATE

Skills Practice

Inverse Functions and Relations

Find the inverse of each relation.

1.
$$\{(3, 1), (4, -3), (8, -3)\}\$$
 $\{(1, 3), (-3, 4), (-3, 8)\}$

$$(0, -3, 1)$$
 2. $((-1, 1), (0, 0), 1)$ 4), $(-3, 8)$ $((1, -7), (5, 6), (-4, -2), (-4, 0))$ 4. $((0, -9), (5, -3), (5,$

$$L.(3, 1), (4, -3), (8, -3)$$

$$\{(1, 3), (-3, 4), (-3, 8)\}$$

$$\{(1, -7), (5, 0), (-1, 5)\}$$

$$\{(1, -7), (5, 0), (-1, 5)\}$$

$$3.((-10, -2), (-7, 6), (-4, -2), (-4, 0)\}$$

$$4.((0, -9), (5, -3), (6, 6), (8, -3)\}$$

$$\{(-2, -10), (6, -7), (-2, -4), (0, -4)\}$$

$$\{(-9, 0), (-3, 5), (6, 6), (-3, 8)\}$$

DATE

Inverse Functions and Relations

Find the inverse of each relation

$$9. y = 3x - 2 \\ y = \frac{x + 2}{3}$$

Find the inverse of each function. Then graph the function and its inverse.

 $\{(1, -4), (3, -4), (-8, 0), (-9, 8)\}$

{(12, -4), (7, 0), (-1, 9), (-5, 10)}

5. {(-4, 12), (0, 7), (9, -1), (10, -5)}

6. $\{(-4, 1), (-4, 3), (0, -8), (8, -9)\}$

Find the inverse of each function. Then graph the function and its inverse.

 $f^{-1}(x) = x -$

 $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{1}{3}x$

x = 47.3 = 4

8. f(x) = 3x

9. f(x) = x + 2

{(-2, 8), (5, 10), (6, 12), (7, 14)}

 $\{(1, -5), (-1, -5), (8, -5)\}$ **4.** {(8, -2), (10, 5), (12, 6), (14, 7)}

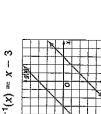
2. {(-5, 1), (-5, -1), (-5, 8)}

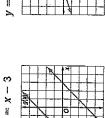
6. {(-3, 9), (-2, 4), (0, 0), (1, 1)} {(9, -3), (4, -2), (0, 0), (1, 1)}

8.
$$g(x) = 3 + x$$

 $g^{-1}(x) = x - 3$

$$g^{-1}(x) = x - 3$$

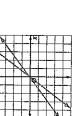




7.
$$f(x) = \frac{3}{4x}$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{3}{4x}$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{4}{4x}$$



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10.
$$f(x) = x + 6$$
 yes 11. $f(x) = -4x + 1$ yes $g(x) = x - 6$ $g(x) = \frac{1}{4}(1 - x)$

 $y = \frac{3}{2}x - 3$

 $h^{-1}(x) = 4x$

 $g^{-1}(x) = \frac{x+1}{x+1}$

10. g(x) = 2x - 1

11. $h(x) = \frac{1}{4}x$

12. $y = \frac{2}{3}x + 2$

$$g(x) = \frac{1}{4}(1 - x)$$

$$14. f(x) = \frac{6}{7}x \text{ yes}$$

$$g(x) = \frac{6}{6}x$$

(3. f(x) = 2x)g(x) = -2x

15.
$$g(x) = 2x - 8$$
 yes $h(x) = \frac{1}{2}x + 4$

12. g(x) = 13x - 13 no

16. MEASUREMENT The points (63, 121), (71, 180), (67, 140), (65, 108), and (72, 165) give the weight in pounds as a function of height in inches for 5 students in a class. Give the points for these students that represent height as a function of weight. (121, 63), (180, 71), (140; 67), (108, 65), (165, 72)

REMODELING For Exercises 17 and 18, use the following information.

The Clearys are replacing the flooring in their 15 foot by 18 foot kitchen. The new flooring costs \$17.99 per square yard. The formula f(x)=9x converts square yards to square feet.

17. Find the inverse $f^{-1}(x)$. What is the significance of $f^{-1}(x)$ for the Clearys? $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x}{9}$. It will allow them to convert the square footage of their kitchen floor to square yards, so they can then calculate the cost of the new flooring.

18. What will the new flooring cost the Cleary's? \$539.70

6 Glencoe/McGraw-Hill

Glencoe Algebra 2

18. f(x) = 8x - 10 yes $g(x) = \frac{1}{8}x + \frac{5}{4}$

15. f(x) = 5x - 5 yes

Determine whether each pair of functions are inverse functions.

14. f(x) = 2x + 3 ves

13. f(x) = x - 1 no

g(x) = 1 - x

17. h(x) = 6x - 2 no

16. f(x) = 2x yes

Glencoe/McGraw-Hill

 $g(x) = \frac{1}{6}x + 3$

Glencoe Algebra 2